

Liquidity Coverage Ratio Disclosure Report

For the Quarter Ended December 31, 2021

Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc. - Consolidated

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Liquidity Coverage Ratio Disclosures

Executive Summary

Credit Suisse Group AG (CS or Credit Suisse) is a leading global financial services company that operates across a variety of geographical markets including Europe, the Middle East and Africa, the Americas and Asia Pacific. More details about Credit Suisse can be found in the annual and interim reports available on Credit Suisse's website.

Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc., a Delaware Corporation, is Credit Suisse's designated US intermediate holding company (IHC) (as required by the Federal Reserve's Regulation YY). As a holding company, Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc. does not interact with the external market in any significant manner. Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc. does not employ any staff and is reliant on staff in other entities. Credit Suisse AG (CS AG) owns 100% of the voting stock in Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc. In this report, references to "Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc." refer to the standalone entity, while references to "CSH USA" refer to the entity on a consolidated basis.

The main operating subsidiaries of Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc. are (i) Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, a US broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and a futures commission merchant regulated by the Commodities Futures Trading Commisssion; (ii) Credit Suisse Capital LLC, a US over-the-counter derivatives dealer registered as such with the SEC; and, (iii) Credit Suisse Management LLC, whose primary purpose is to carry out derivative transactions to hedge positions of US affiliates exclusively with other CS affiliates. Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc. also owns Credit Suisse (USA), Inc., a holding company that directly or indirectly owns most of the IHC operating entities and provides guarantees to its core subsidiaires, and a servicing entity, Credit Suisse Services (USA) LLC. CSH USA is subject to consolidated regulatory capital requirements pursuant to the Federal Reserve's Regulation YY.

LCR Requirements and Disclosures

The US liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) rule requires covered firms to hold a minimum amount of high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) that can be easily and quickly converted into cash. The ratio of the firm's HQLA to its net cash outflow amount is its LCR. Covered firms must disclose their consolidated LCRs each quarter, based on a 3-month average. Firms also are required to disclose their consolidated HQLA amounts, broken down by HQLA category. Additionally, firms are required to disclose their projected net stressed cash outflow amounts, including retail inflows and retail deposit outflows, derivatives inflows and outflows, and several other measures.

The Federal Reserve's implementation of certain enhanced prudential standards required by section 165 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, as amended by the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act and its relevant implementing regulations, requires that an IHC that is a Category III Board-regulated institution with less than \$75 billion in weighted short-term wholesale funding (such as CSH USA) adhere to an LCR calibrated at 85% of the full LCR.

Main Drivers of the LCR

HQLA, at \$31.8 billion, and **Total Adjusted Net Cash Outflows**, at \$7.3 billion (described below) are the main drivers of the LCR.

Total Cash Outflow amounts this quarter were principally driven by secured wholesale funding (referred to herein as "secured funding transactions") and asset exchange outflows, which represent 51% of the LCR cash outflow average weighted amount. Secured funding transactions include repurchase agreements, securities lending transactions and customer shorts.

Total Cash Inflow amounts this quarter were principally driven by secured lending and asset exchange inflows that constituted 81% of the LCR cash inflow average weighted amount. Secured lending transactions include reverse repurchase, securities borrows and margin loan transactions.

Changes in the LCR over time and causes of such changes

CSH USA maintained an average LCR of 445% during the fourth quarter, which represents a 6 percentage point increase when compared to the third quarter's average of 439%. The following changes in the LCR numerator and denominator occurred this quarter:

The numerator increased by USD 0.8 billion, from USD 31.0 billion to USD 31.8 billion. This was primarily due to an increase in unencumbered Level 1 HQLA, Treasury and Agency securities held at CSH USA's broker-dealer entities.

The denominator increased by USD 0.2 billion, from USD 7.1 billion to USD 7.3 billion. This was primarily due to an increase in unsecured inter company borrowing from CS AG, offset by a net reduction in secured financing outflows.

Quantitative Disclosures

	2021 to 12/31/2021 ns of US dollars	Average Unweighted Amount	Average Weighted Amount
High-Q	uality Liquid Assets		
1 .	Total eligible high-quality liquid assets (HQLA), of which:	32,385	31,848
	Eligible level 1 liquid assets	28,808	28,808
3 I	Eligible level 2A liquid assets	3,577	3,040
4 1	Eligible level 2B liquid assets		
Cash O	outflow Amounts		
5 1	Deposit outflow from retail customers and counterparties, of which:	1	0
6	Stable retail deposit outflow		
7 (Other retail funding	1	0
8 1	Brokered deposit outflow		
9 1	Unsecured wholesale funding outflow, of which:	7,934	7,917
10	Operational deposit outflow		
11	Non-operational funding outflow	2,038	2,022
12	Unsecured debt outflow	5,895	5,895
13	Secured wholesale funding and asset exchange outflow	30,543	16,188
14	Additional outflow requirements, of which:	7,450	7,032
15 (Outflow related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	6,739	6,640
	Outflow related to credit and liquidity facilities including unconsolidated structured transactions and mortgage commitments	711	392
17	Other contractual funding obligation outflow	284	284
18 (Other contingent funding obligations outflow	819	25
19	Total Cash Outflows	47,030	31,446
Cash In	nflow Amounts		
20	Secured lending and asset exchange cash inflow	71,760	20,279
21 I	Retail cash inflow	1	0
22	Unsecured wholesale cash inflow	4,233	4,216
23 (Other cash inflows, of which:	677	677
24 I	Net derivative cash inflow	300	300
25	Securities cash inflow	376	376
26 I	Broker-dealer segregated account inflow		
27 (Other cash inflow		
28	Total Cash Inflows	76,671	25,172
		_	Average Amount ¹
29 I	HQLA Amount		31,848
30	Total Net Cash Outflow Amount Excluding the Maturity Mismatch Add-on		8,435
31 I	Maturity Mismatch Add-on		137
	Total Unadjusted Net Cash Outflow Amount		8,572
	Outflow Adjustment Percentage		85%
	Total Adjusted Net Cash Outflow Amount		7,286
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		445%

^{1 -} The amounts reported in this column may not equal the calculation of those amounts using component amounts reported in rows 1-28 due to technical factors such as the application of the level 2 liquid asset caps and the total inflow cap.

Composition of Eligible HQLA

CSH USA's eligible HQLA is comprised primarily of Level 1 liquid assets, which include US Treasury securities and securities issued or guaranteed by a US government agency, whose obligations are explicitly guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the US government. CSH USA's Level 2A liquid assets primarily include qualifying US government-sponsored enterprise securities; CSH USA holds no Level 2B liquid assets as part of its HQLA as of the reporting date. CSH USA's combined Level 2 liquid assets are below the 40% cap for such assets under the LCR rules.

High Quality Liquid Assets in millions of US dollars	Average Unweighted Amount	Average Weighted Amount
Level 1	28,808	28,808
Level 2A	3,577	3,040
Level 2B	-	-
Total	32,385	31,848

Concentration of Funding Sources

CSH USA is funded through unsecured debt across a range of tenors and equity capital provided directly or indirectly by affiliates, including (a) CS Group, which issues long-term debt securities for funding and capital purposes; and (b) CS AG, an operating subsidiary of CS Group and a US registrant, which issues short and long-term debt securities for funding diversification.

CSH USA, through its broker-dealer entities, is funded on a secured basis by entering into secured funding and asset exchange transactions with third parties and affiliates, including CS AG.

Derivative and Currency Exposures

Derivative exposures within CSH USA result primarily from exchange-traded and over-the-counter transactions with affiliates, Financial Market Utilities (FMUs) and other third parties, that are entered into to manage risk across CSH USA and its affiliates. With respect to to currency exposures, the vast majority of CSH USA's assets and liabilities are denominated in US dollars and, as a result, CSH USA does not have significant currency exposure.

Centralized Liquidity Management

The implementation and execution of Credit Suisse's liquidity and funding strategy is managed within the division of the Chief Financial Officer by Treasury and CS's Global Liquidity Group. The global liquidity group was established to centralize control of liability and collateral management with the aim of optimizing liquidity sourcing, funding costs and the HQLA portfolio on behalf of Treasury. Treasury ensures adherence to CS's funding policy, while the global liquidity group is focused on the efficient coordination of the short-term unsecured and secured funding desks. This liquidity and funding approach enhances CS's ability to manage potential liquidity and funding risks and promptly to adjust its liquidity and funding levels to meet stress situations. The Risk Committee of the Board of Directors of Credit Suisse Holdings (USA), Inc. (Risk Committee) oversees liquidity risk management pursuant to the Federal Reserve's Regulation YY and reviews and approves board-level liquidity risk limits in coordination with local governance and the second line of defense. The second line of defense for liquidity is executed by Treasury & Liquidity Risk Management (TLRM), which is part of the Chief Risk Officer function. TLRM oversees the management of liquidity risks by Treasury, the global liquidity group and the business divisions. TLRM also defines risk management frameworks and processes in line with regulatory and internal requirements. It executes its mandate focused in four pillars: Governance, Risk Constraints, Stress Testing, and Methodology.